

## Refactoring Databases: Evolutionary Database Design

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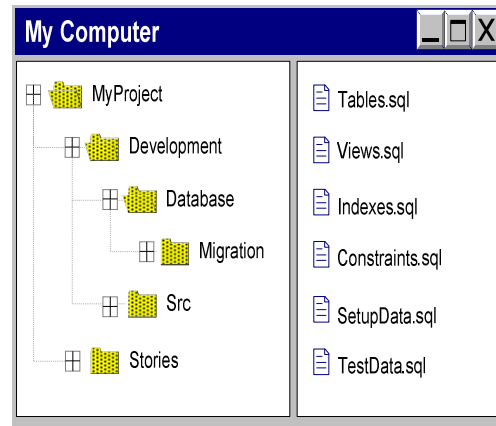
### Evolutionary Database Development

- Reality is “Businesses are Changing”
- Change management for database assets
- Learn when you fail, so make it easy to fail
- Functionality added in increments
- Facilitates automated testing
- Knowledge of the functionality
- Acknowledge team interaction
- DBA = Role != Person

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### Version Control Database Assets

- Greater control over changes
- Couples database and application
- Integrate in version control instead of database



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### Swap Best Practices

- Educate DBA about coding practices
- Nothing is used only once
- Educate Developers write better SQL
- How to make the DBA redundant
- Automate tasks such as
  - Physical table deployment
  - Usage statistics
  - Schema verification
  - Data migration verification

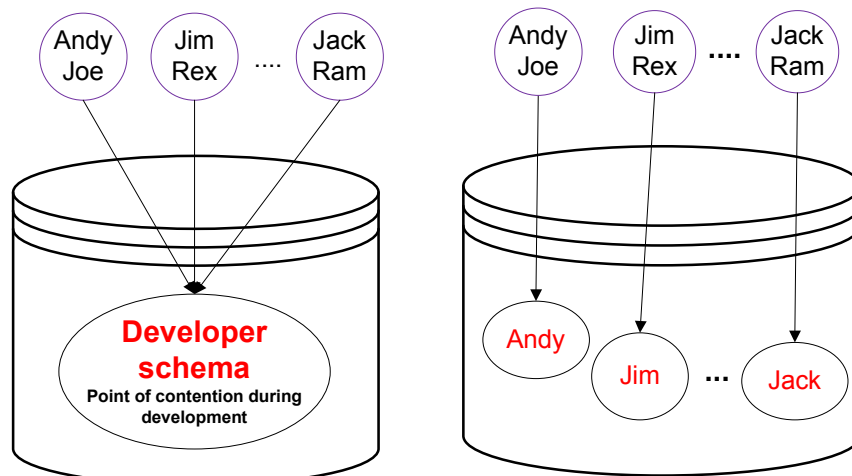
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### Let the DBA and Developers pair

- Better to have “Generalizing Specialists”
- Helps DBA understand the application
- DBA has a better understanding of other areas of the business data
- Write database tests
- Migration of production data is critical
- Gain knowledge of SQL Tuning etc
- Make the team aware of production data
- Understand performance implications

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### Give everyone a sandbox



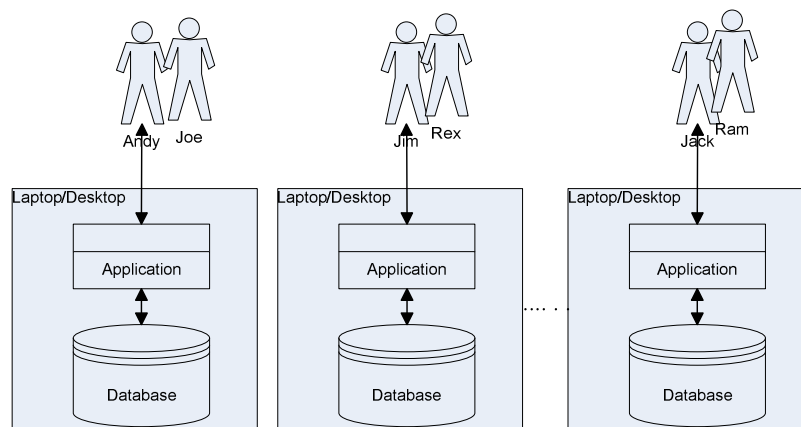
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## Why?

- One Application instance = One Database instance
- Developers work independent of other developers
- Liberty of experimenting with the database
- Use ANT/Make/Rake to automate tasks
- Database could just be a Schema
- Reduces contention
- Integrate in version control not in database

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## Ultimate Nirvana



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### Demo: Sandbox

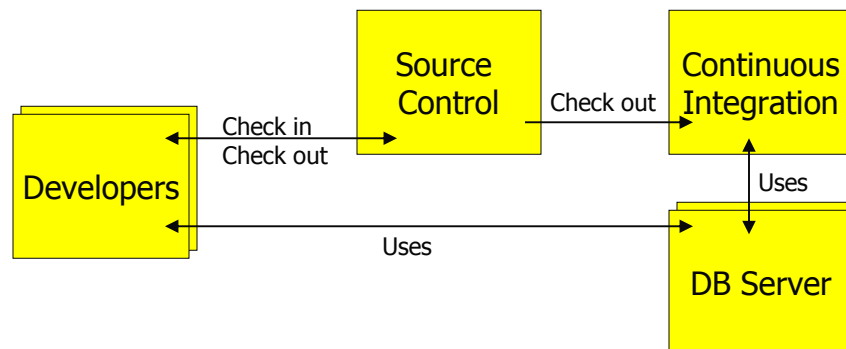
- Shows how new person joining project can startup effortlessly
- Shows reduction in waste (Lean)
- Shows how to share DBA tasks
- Shows how the DBA will get to do more
- Shows productivity gains by automation
- Shows ANT targets to Create, Clean, Initialize(populate) and Drop databases
- Shows how changes are local

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### Typical Integration Environment

Integrate more than once a day

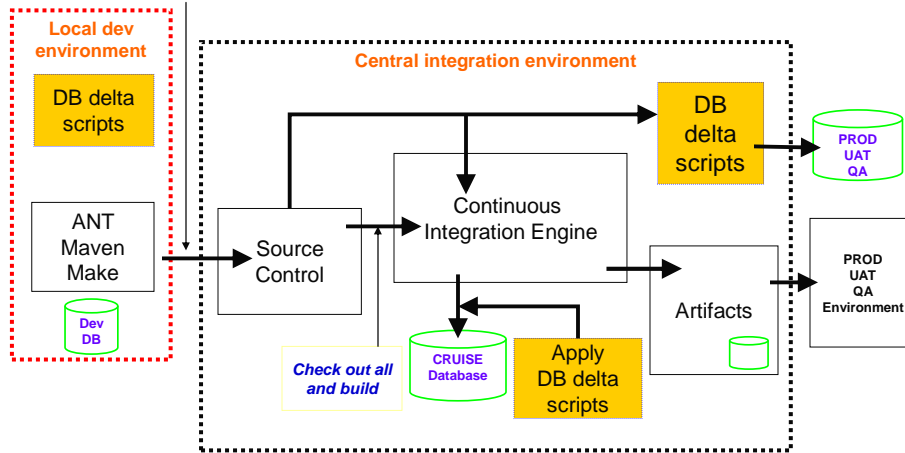
<http://martinfowler.com/articles/continuousIntegration.html>



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## Details

Check in Application Code and  
Database Delta Scripts



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## Demo: Integration

- Shows DBA/Developer collaboration
- Allows to experiment with design options
- Shows DBA involvement in the design of the functionality being developed
- Shows developers changing the model in their local schema
- Shows how migration scripts gets tested
- Shows integration in version control

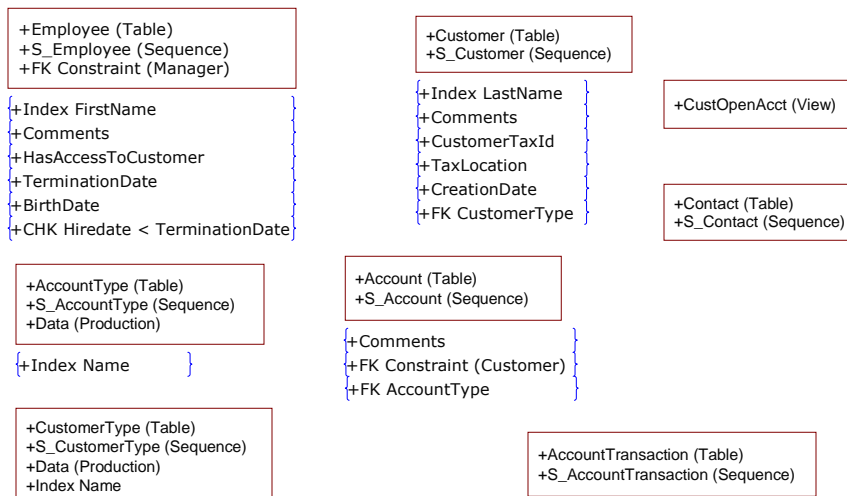
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## Database Refactoring

- A database refactoring is a simple change to a database schema that improves its design while retaining both its *behavioral* and *informational* semantics
- A database refactoring can include both structural aspects such as table and view definitions as well as functional aspects such as stored procedures and triggers
- [www.databaserefactoring.com](http://www.databaserefactoring.com)

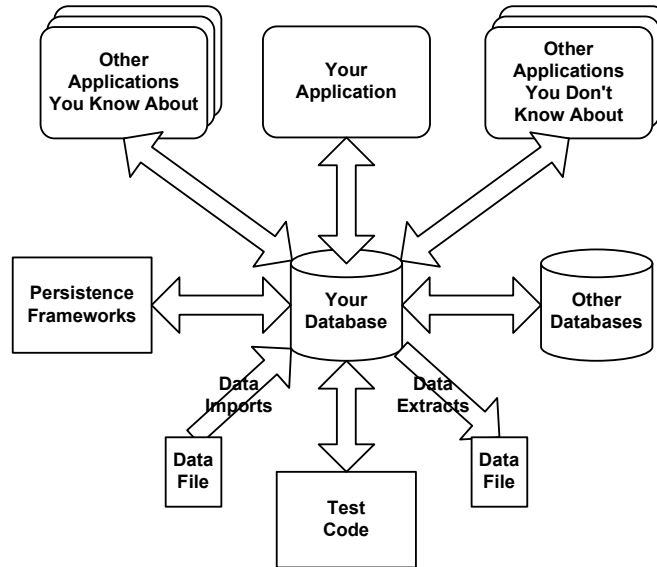
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## Evolutionary Design



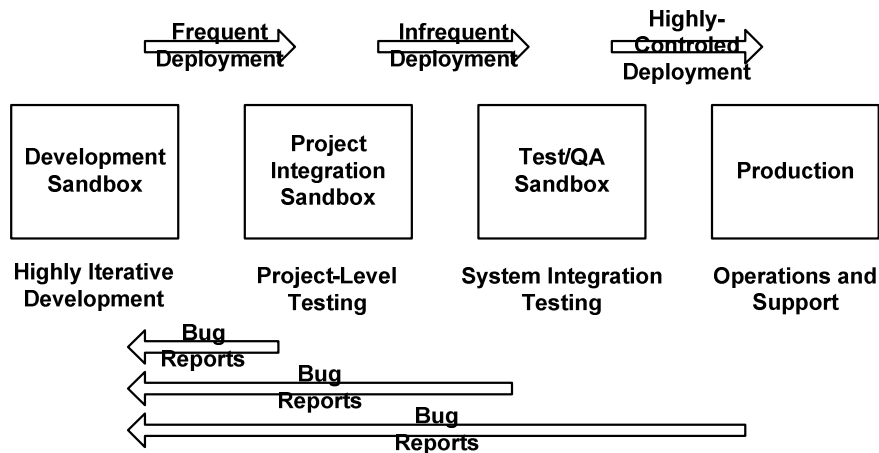
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Database refactoring is Hard.



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Continuous Refactoring Controlled release



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## Demo: Merge Columns

- Isolated change
- Use of dbdeploy
- Developer involvement
- Migration and new development
- How application build, links to database version

Customer <<table>>
PhoneCountryCode
PhoneAreaCode
PhoneNumber

Original Schema

Customer <<table>>
PhoneCountryCode
PhoneAreaCode {drop date = Dec 14 2009}
PhoneNumber {drop date = Dec 14 2009}
Phone
synchronizePhoneNumber() { event = update   insert, drop date = Dec 14 2009}

Deprecation Period

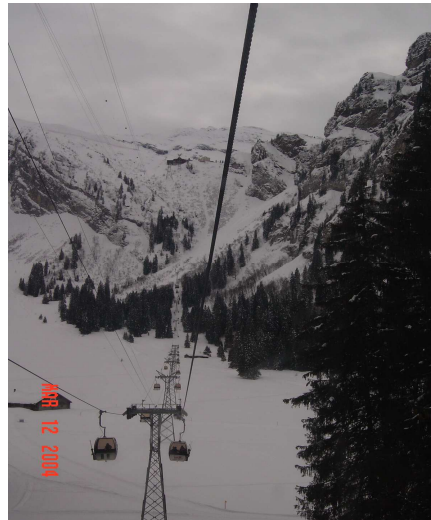
Customer <<table>>
PhoneCountryCode
Phone

Resulting Schema

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## Demo: Assert Database Behavior

- Like any framework test your database
- These tests are your database specification
- No inadvertent change can be made to the database.



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### First deployment

- Should be handled almost exactly the same as deploying code
- Database creation script is used to create the production instance of the database.
- Branch code if necessary
- The production instance will be either a clean copy of the application database schema or full of converted data

### Demo: Deployment

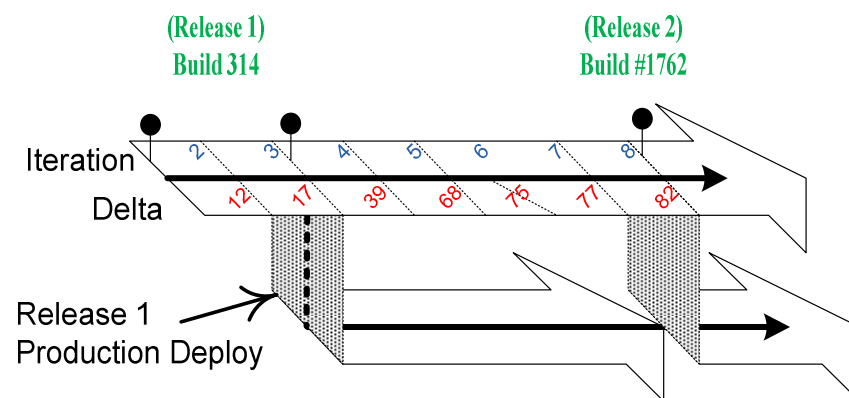
- Shows DBA tasks
- Shows time saved by the DBA
- Shows how there are no extra step to extract the schema and create scripts for deployment
- Shows how application and database are coupled

### Manage Additional Releases

- All of the change scripts should be applied following the last production release. In chronological order. (Change Logs are stored by Build/Release/Day/Sequential)
- Since data migration scripts are part of change logs, data is also migrated
- Allows to test the migration on a test database for performance impacts

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### Additional Releases



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### Fast Forward

- Production database instances can be migrated to a future state of deployment.
- New application releases can be acceptance tested against the most recent data currently in production.
- Migrations can be tested continuously against copy of production data.

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### Boat Metaphor (Deploy Frequently)



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More Info

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[www.sadalage.com](http://www.sadalage.com)

Additional Resources

[groups.yahoo.com/group/agileDatabases](http://groups.yahoo.com/group/agileDatabases)

[databaserefactoring.com](http://databaserefactoring.com)

[martinfowler.com](http://martinfowler.com)

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