#### DEBUG ME

## LEARN TO OPTIMIZE YOUR PERSONAL HEALTH



























I DIDN'T JUST SPEND TEN YEARS SMASHING BACK VIAGRA AND EFFEXOR. I FIGURED OUT WHAT WAS GOING WRONG, AND NOW I FEEL AWESOME!

### WAS IT JUST ME?

"In the past seven days, my fatigue limited me at work."

"In the past seven days, I was too tired to think clearly."

"In the past seven days, I was too tired to exercise strenuously."

"In the past seven days, I had difficulty falling asleep."

"In the past seven days, I had difficulty staying asleep."

"In the past seven days, my sleep was refreshing."

"In the past seven days, I had nothing to look forward to."

"In the past seven days, I felt like a failure."

"In the past seven days, I felt anxious."

"In the past seven days, I felt it hard to focus on anything other than my anxiety."

"In the past seven days, I was irritated more than people knew."

"In the past seven days, I felt tired after eating."

"In the past seven days, I felt shaky in between meals."

"In the past seven days, I had sweet cravings."

"In the past seven days, I had gas."

"In the past seven days, I was bloated."

"In the past seven days, I had diarrhea."

"In the past seven days, I went more than a day without defecation."

### DEBUG ME!

# WHEN YOUR ONLY TOOL IS A REFLEX HAMMER



# ARE YOU KIDDING?





Keyword or Item#



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PRODUCT VIDEO

LifeExtensio

Top 10 Blood Tests

» Male Panel

» Female Panel

Blood Count (CBC)

» Weight Loss Panel (Comprehensive)

» Healthy Aging Panel

» Food Safe Allergy

**Blood Test Categories** 

(Comprehensive) » VAP®

Panel

Panel

» Chemistry Panel & Complete

» Comprehensive Thyroid Panel

» Female Comprehensive Hormone

» Male Comprehensive Hormone



#### DESCRIPTION

Chemistry Panel & Complete Blood Count (CBC)

Item Catalog Number: LC381822

This panel contains the following tests:

- Fasting glucose
- Uric acid
- BUN (blood urea nitrogen)
- Creatinine
- BUN/creatinine ratio
- · eGFR (estimated glomerular filtration rate)
- Sodium
- Potassium
- Chloride
- Calcium
- Phosphorus
- Total protein
- Albumin
- Globulin
- Bilirubin

### Albumin/globulin ratio

» Allergies

» Anemia / Iron

» Blood Sugar

- » Heart Health
- » Hormones
- Inflammatory
- » Kidney / Liver
- » Bone Health » Cholesterol » Digestive

» Blood Thinning / Coagulation

- » Immune Status
- » Men's Health Concerns

# FLOYD



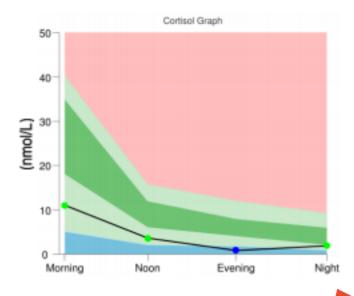
"In the past seven days, my fatigue limited me at work."

OFTEN

"In the past seven days, I was too tired to exercise strenuously."

OFTEN

	Saliva Hormone Test	Result	Units	L	WR	Н	Reference Range
	Estrone (E1)		pg/ml				
S	Estradiol (E2)	1.62	pg/ml		•		<2.5 male
	Estriol (E3)		pg/ml				
6	EQ (E3 / (E1 + E2))						
HORMONES	Progesterone (Pg)	33.87	pg/ml		•		<94.0 male (500-3000 supplementation)
오	Ratio of Pg/E2	20.92		+			200-300 male (Pg supplementation)*
	Testosterone	65.87	pg/ml		•		30.1-142.5 male (142.6-350.0 supplementation)
	DHT		pg/ml				
S	DHEA	266.99	pg/ml		•		137.0-336.0 male
AL.	Cortisol Morning	11.04	nmol/L		•		5.1-40.2; optimal range: 18-35*
ADRENAL	Cortisol Noon	3.62	nmol/L		•		2.1-15.7; optimal range: 6-12*
5	Cortisol Evening	0.82	nmol/L	+			1.8-12; optimal range: 4-8*
~	Cortisol Night	1.87	nmol/L		•		0.9-9.2; optimal range: 2-6*



### (II) Ho

#### Hormone Interpretations:

- The low Pg/E2 ratio is consistent with progesterone insufficiency (estrogen dominance), which may increase
  the risk of prostate gland enlargement and cancer. Supplementation with topical progesterone to correct this
  relative deficiency is a consideration.
- . Diurnal cortisol pattern is suggestive of evolving (Phase 2) adrenal gland dysfunction (hypoadrenia).
- Note: Symptoms and hormone supplementation history are not reported. The current samples will be held 25 days from receipt for additional testing.

#### Notes:

L=Low(below range) WR=Within Range (within range) H=High (above range)

DHEA, Testosterone, Estrone and Estriol results are for investigational use only.

\*Apply only when all four cortisols are measured. Clinical interpretations may override these generalized optimal ref. ranges.

"\*The Pg/E2 ratio is an optimal range established based on clinical observation. Progesterone supplementation is generally required to achieve this level in men and postmenopausal women.

#### **BACTERIOLOGY CULTURE**

#### Expected/Beneficial flora

#### 4+ Bacteroides fragilis group

- 2+ Bifidobacterium spp.
- 4+ Escherichia coli
- 1+ Lactobacillus spp.
- 2+ Enterococcus spp.
- 2+ Clostridium spp.

NG = No Growth

### Commensal (Imbalanced) flora

- 4+ Alpha hemolytic strep
- 1+ Enterobacter cloacae complex,isolate 2
- 4+ Gamma hemolytic strep
- 2+ Klebsiella oxytoca
- 2+ Klebsiella pneumoniae ssp pneumoniae

#### Dysbiotic flora

- 3+ Citrobacter freundii complex
- 3+ Enterobacter cloacae complex



#### **BACTERIA INFORMATION**

Expected /Beneficial bacteria make up a significant portion of the total microflora in a healthy & balanced GI tract. These beneficial bacteria have many health-protecting effects in the GI tract including manufacturing vitamins, fermenting fibers, digesting proteins and carbohydrates, and propagating anti-tumor and anti-inflammatory factors.

Clostridia are prevalent flora in a healthy intestine. Clostridium spp. should be considered in the context of balance with other expected/beneficial flora. Absence of clostridia or over abundance relative to other expected/beneficial flora indicates bacterial imbalance. If C. difficile associated disease is suspected, a Comprehensive Clostridium culture or toxiqenic C. difficile DNA test is recommended.

Commensal (Imbalanced) bacteria are usually neither pathogenic nor beneficial to the host GI tract. Imbalances can occur when there are insufficient levels of beneficial bacteria and increased levels of commensal bacteria. Certain commensal bacteria are reported as dysbiotic at higher levels.

Dysbiotic bacteria consist of known pathogenic bacteria and those that have the potential to cause disease in the GI tract. They can be present due to a number of factors including: consumption of contaminated water or food, exposure to chemicals that are toxic to beneficial bacteria; the use of antibiotics, oral contraceptives or other medications; poor fiber intake and high stress levels.

#### YEAST CULTURE

#### Normal flora

Dysbiotic flora

No yeast isolated

#### MICROSCOPIC YEAST

Result:

Expected:

None

None - Rare

The microscopic finding of yeast in the stool is helpful in identifying whether there is proliferation of yeast. Rare yeast may be normal; however, yeast observed in higher amounts (few, moderate, or many) is abnormal.

#### YEAST INFORMATION

Yeast normally can be found in small quantities in the skin, mouth, intestine and mucocutaneous junctions. Overgrowth of yeast can infect virtually every organ system, leading to an extensive array of clinical manifestations. Fungal diarrhea is associated with broad-spectrum antibiotics or alterations of the patient's immune status. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, cramping and irritation. When investigating the presence of yeast, disparity may exist between culturing and microscopic examination. Yeast are not uniformly dispersed throughout the stool, this may lead to undetectable or low levels of yeast identified by microscopy, despite a cultured amount of yeast. Conversely, microscopic examination may reveal a significant amount of yeast present, but no yeast cultured. Yeast does not always survive transit through the intestines rendering it unvialble.

Comments:

Date Collected: 05/12/2015 Date Received: 05/13/2015 Date Completed: 05/22/2015 \* Aeromonas, Campylobacter, Plesiomonas, Salmonella, Shigella, Vibrio, Yersinia, & Edwardsiella tarda have been specifically tested for and found absent unless reported.



"An opportunistic pathogen, Enterobacter cloacae B29, isolated from the gut of a morbidly obese and diabetic patient, induced obesity and insulin resistance in germ-free mice."

THE ISME JOURNAL (2013) 7, 880–884; DOI:10.1038/ISMEJ.2012.153

#### PARASITOLOGY/MICROSCOPY \*

#### Sample 1

Few Endolimax nana cysts
Few Endolimax nana trophs
Rare Entamoeba coli cysts
Rare Entamoeba coli trophs

Mod Entamoeba hartmanni cysts Many Entamoeba hartmanni trophs

Rare RBC

#### Sample 2

Few Endolimax nana cysts
Mod Endolimax nana trophs
Rare Entamoeba coli cysts
Rare Entamoeba coli trophs
Few Entamoeba hartmanni cysts
Mod Entamoeba hartmanni trophs
Rare RBC

\*A trichrome stain and concentrated iodine wet mount slide is read for each sample submitted.

#### PARASITOLOGY INFORMATION

Intestinal parasites are abnormal inhabitants of the gastrointestinal tract that have the potential to cause damage to their host. The presence of any parasite within the intestine generally confirms that the patient has acquired the organism through fecal-oral contamination. Damage to the host includes parasitic burden, migration, blockage and pressure. Immunologic inflammation, hypersensitivity reactions and cytotoxicity also play a large role in the morbidity of these diseases. The infective dose often relates to severity of the disease and repeat encounters can be additive.

There are two main classes of intestinal parasites, they include protozoa and helminths. The protozoa typically have two stages; the trophozoite stage that is the metabolically active, invasive stage and the cyst stage, which is the vegetative inactive form resistant to unfavorable environmental conditions outside the human host. Helminths are large, multicellular organisms. Like protozoa, helminths can be either free-living or parasitic in nature. In their adult form, helminths cannot multiply in humans.

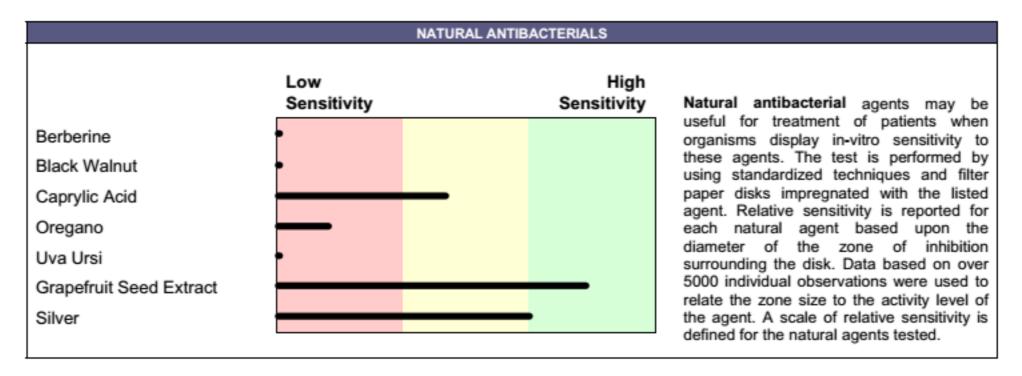
In general, acute manifestations of parasitic infection may involve diarrhea with or without mucus and or blood, fever, nausea, or abdominal pain. However these symptoms do not always occur. Consequently, parasitic infections may not be diagnosed or eradicated. If left untreated, chronic parasitic infections can cause damage to the intestinal lining and can be an unsuspected cause of illness and fatigue. Chronic parasitic infections can also be associated with increased intestinal permeability, irritable bowel syndrome, irregular bowel movements, malabsorption, gastritis or indigestion, skin disorders, joint pain, allergic reactions, and decreased immune function.

In some instances, parasites may enter the circulation and travel to various organs causing severe organ diseases such as liver abscesses and cysticercosis. In addition, some larval migration can cause pneumonia and in rare cases hyper infection syndrome with large numbers of larvae being produced and found in every tissue of the body.

One negative parasitology x1 specimen does not rule out the possibility of parasitic disease, parasitology x3 is recommended. This exam is not designed to detect Cryptosporidium spp, Cyclospora cayetanensis or Microsproridia spp.

		GIARDI	A/CRYPTOSPORIDIUM IMM	UNOASSAY
	Within	Outside	Reference Range	Giardia intestinalis (lamblia) is a protozoan that
Giardia intestinalis	Neg		Neg	infects the small intestine and is passed in stool and spread by the fecal-oral route. Waterborne transmission is the major source of giardiasis.
Cryptosporidium	Neg		Neg	<b>Cryptosporidium</b> is a coccidian protozoa that can be spread from direct person-to-person contact or waterborne transmission.

### Bacterial Susceptibilities: Enterobacter cloacae complex



		PRESCRIPTIVE	AGENTS	
	Resistant	Intermediate	Susceptible	Susceptible results imply that an infection
Amoxicillin-Clavulanic Acid	R			due to the bacteria may be appropriately treated when the recommended dosage of
Ampicillin	R			the tested antimicrobial agent is used.  Intermediate results imply that response
Cefazolin	R			rates may be lower than for susceptible
Ceftazidime			s	bacteria when the tested antimicrobial agent is used.
Ciprofloxacin			s	Resistant results imply that the bacteria will not be inhibited by normal dosage levels of
Trimeth-sulfa			s	the tested antimicrobial agent.

### Toxic Metals; Urine

	TOXIC METALS							
		RESULT	REFERENCE	WITHIN				
		μg/g creat	INTERVAL	REFERENCE	OUTSIDE REFERENCE			
Aluminum	(AI)	7.4	< 25	<b>—</b>				
Antimony	(Sb)	< dl	< 0.2					
Arsenic	(As)	14	< 75	_				
Barium	(Ba)	0.8	< 7	_				
Beryllium	(Be)	< dl	< 1					
Bismuth	(Bi)	< dl	< 2					
Cadmium	(Cd)	0.2	< 0.8	_				
Cesium	(Cs)	7.8	< 9					
Gadolinium	(Gd)	< dl	< 0.5					
Lead	(Pb)	16	< 2					
Mercury	(Hg)	24	< 3					
Nickel	(Ni)	1.4	< 8	_				
Palladium	(Pd)	< dl	< 0.1					
Platinum	(Pt)	< dl	< 0.1					
Tellurium	(Te)	< dl	< 0.5					
Thallium	(TI)	0.9	< 0.5					
Thorium	(Th)	< dl	< 0.03					
Tin	(Sn)	0.7	< 4	_				
Tungsten	(W)	< dl	< 0.4					
Uranium	(U)	< dl	< 0.03					

URINE CREATININE								
	RESULT	REFERENCE						
	mg/dL	INTERVAL	-2SD -1SD MEAN +1SD +2SD					
Creatinine	50.0	45- 230						

#### SPECIMEN DATA

Comments:

Date Collected: 06/01/2015 pH upon receipt: Acceptable Collection Period: timed: 6 hours

Date Received: 06/04/2015 <dl: less than detection limit Volume: 800 ml

Date Completed: 06/09/2015 Provoking Agent: DMSA Provocation: POST PROVOCATIVE

Method: ICP-MS Creatinine by Jaffe Method

Results are creatinine corrected to account for urine dilution variations. Reference intervals and corresponding graphs are representative of a healthy population under non-provoked conditions. Chelation (provocation) agents can increase urinary excretion of metals/elements.

boratory restrictors		1 loya Marinesca							
Micronutrients	Patient Results (% Control)	Functional Abnormals	Reference Range (greater than)						
B Complex Vitamins	(		19						
Vitamin B1 (Thiamin)	91		>78%						
Vitamin B2 (Riboflavin)	63		>53%						
Vitamin B3 (Niacinamide)	89		>80%						
Vitamin B6 (Pyridoxine)	64		>54%						
Vitamin B12 (Cobalamin)	13	Deficient	>14%						
Folate	34	Delicient	>32%						
Pantothenate	11		>7%						
	49								
Biotin	49		>34%						
Amino Acids									
Serine	42		>30%						
Glutamine	56		>37%						
Asparagine	53		>39%						
Metabolites									
Choline	30		>20%						
Inositol	73		>58%						
Carnitine	58		>46%						
Father & mide									
Fatty Acids Oleic Acid	75		>65%						
			70070						
Other Vitamins	74		- 500/						
Vitamin D3 (Cholecalciferol)	74		>50%						
Vitamin A (Retinol)	80		>70%						
Vitamin K2	53		>30%						
<u>Minerals</u>									
Calcium	43		>38%						
Manganese	65		>50%						
Zinc	41		>37%						
Copper	51		>42%						
Magnesium	47		>37%						
Carbohydrate Metabolism									
Glucose-Insulin Interaction	55		>38%						
Fructose Sensitivity	52		>34%						
Chromium	45		>40%						
Antiovidants									
Antioxidants Glutathione	46		- 400/						
	46		>42%						
Cysteine	43		>41%						
Coenzyme Q-10	94		>86%						
Selenium	83		>74%						
Vitamin E (A-tocopherol)	89		>84%						
Alpha Lipoic Acid	88		>81%						
Vitamin C	42		>40%						
SPECTROX™									
Total Antioxidant Function	61		>40%						
Proliferation Index									
Immunidex	66		>40%						

The reference ranges listed in the above table are valid for male and female patients 12 years of age or older.

# PRESCRIPTION

### AN EXPERIMENT

# NO SUGAR, NO GRAINS

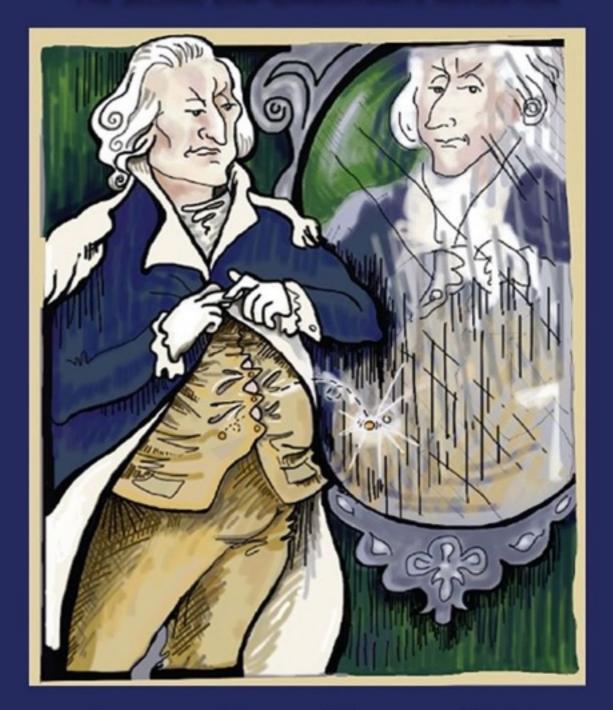
# War on saturated fat is over: Ketogenic, Atkins and Paleo diets are vindicated



### FEINMANTHEOTHER.COM

# The World Turned Upside Down

THE SECOND LOW-CARBOHYDRATE REVOLUTION



RICHARD DAVID FEINMAN, PHD

"Do you think that there has ever been a period in the history of medicine where the great majority of physicians and scientists held to views that were not only wrong but dangerous and refused to change in the face of contradictory evidence? Do you think that there has ever been such a time? If you think so, you must at least consider the possibility that this is another such time."

-RICHARD D. FEINMAN, PHD





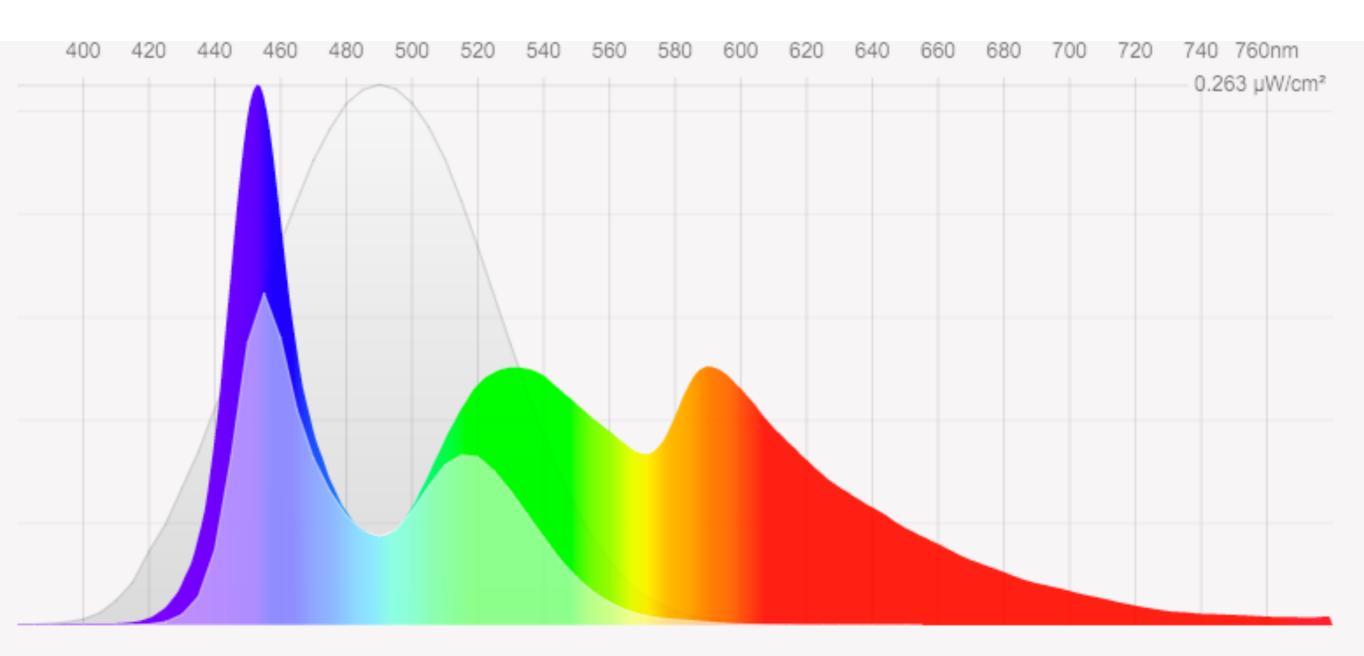








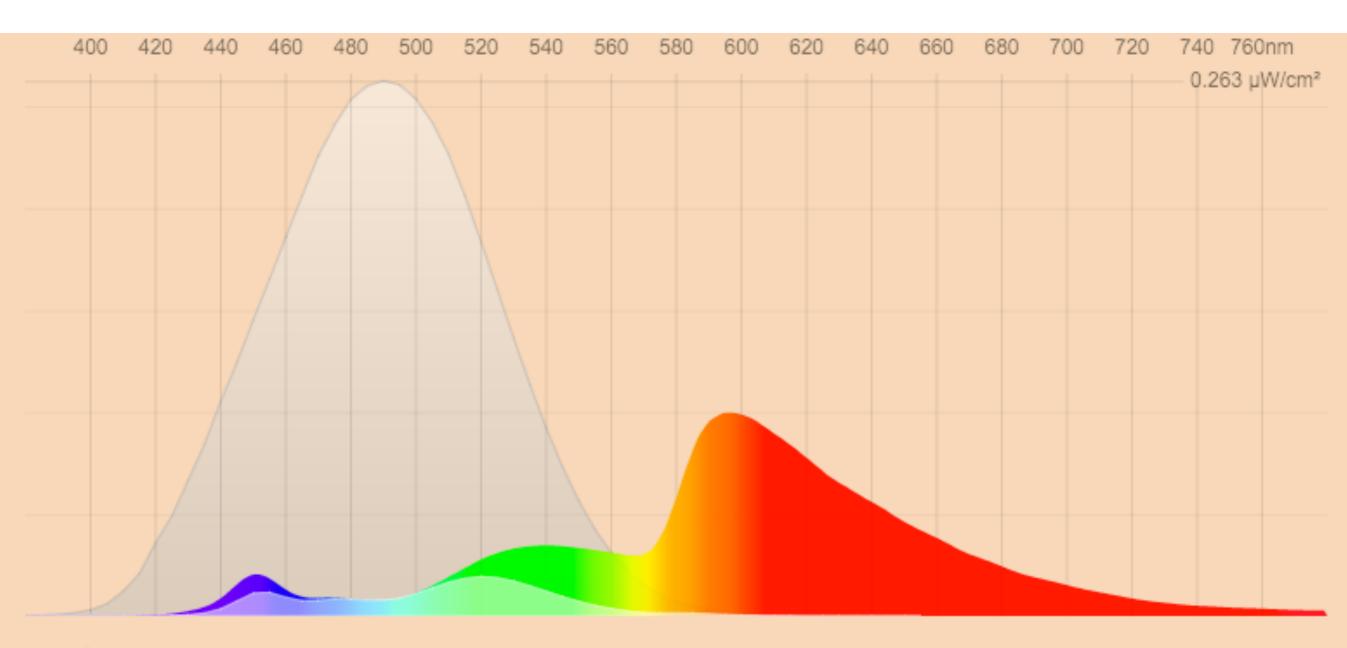
### JUSTGETFLUX.COM



▼ Settings: Age=32

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### JUSTGETFLUX.COM



▼ Settings: Age=32

1200K 1900K **2300K** 2700K 3400K 4100K 5000K 6500K B G R



# SUMMARY

## DOCTORS TREAT DISEASE AND INJURIES

- But they don't have the time or resources to help you common chronic health complaints
- You don't need your doctor's permission to test
- Your body is a complex system but it'll heal itself if you remove the blocking factors

# TESTING

- Try the diet and lifestyle hacks first
- Check your blood glucose
- Basic blood chemistry is the next place to go
- Don't get too caught up in one thing

# STANDING ON THE SHOULDERS OF GIANTS

# JULIA KELLY



Tommy Wood, MD
Jamie Kendall-Weed, MD
Grace Liu, PharmD
Bryan P. Walsh, ND
Daniel Kalish, DC

# QUESTIONS?

